RED BELT #8 Fifth Grade	**1** What is the name and value of these notes? 	**2** What does Largo mean?
3 What does Presto mean? 	**4** What is the background music that supports the melody called?	**5** What is this sign called? What does it mean?
6 Practice listening and identifying what family of instruments is playing the music.	**7** Practice listening and identifying percussion instruments by their timbre.	**8** Practice listening and identifying string instruments by their timbre.
9 EC What does Allegro mean? 	**10** <u>Exposure</u> to accent marks. 	**11** <u>Exposure</u> to syncopation.
12 <u>Exposure</u> to articulation marks? 	**13** <u>Exposure</u> to articulation marks? 	**14** <u>Exposure to meter?</u>
15 <u>Exposure to</u> Common Time: 	**16** Exposure 	**17** Exposure
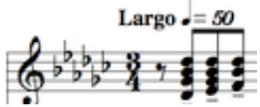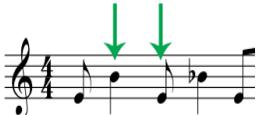
2 Largo = slow tempo *Largo is very slow.*	**1** Sixteenth Notes ¼ beat each	
5 CODA Special Ending or the "Tail".	**4** Accompaniment	**3** Presto = very fast tempo *Presto that's very fast.*
8 Focus on Violin Guitar	**7** Focus on Tamborine Maracas Cowbell Drum Triangle Xylophone Piano	**6** Identify whether the Instrument family you hear is the percussion family, string family, woodwind family, or the brass family.
11 Syncopation is when there are accents off the beat.	**10** Accent = louder sound *An accent is a louder sound it makes you stand and listen. Just stress the note to make a point and help the music glisten.*	**9** Allegro = running tempo *Allegro it's time to run.*
14 **The time signature (meter)** Written at the beginning of the music. **Top Number = Number of beats in each measure.**	**13** *[musical staff]* Legato Lines under the notes means = play the notes long & connected *Legato is a smoother sound connecting all the notes. Just let your voice glide through the song and make the music float!*	**12** *[musical staff]* Staccato Dots under/over the notes = short & detached *Staccato, staccato, it's short and sweet staccato. Just touch the sound and let it go, and that is called staccato!*
17 *[musical staff 3/4]* This meter is often used in waltz music. This style of music has a clear melody that you can dance too.	**16** *[musical staff 2/4]* This meter is often used for in military marches. The tempo is driven by the snare drums.	**15** *[musical staff 4/4]* This meter is the most "common" time used in rock, blues, country, funk, and pop music.
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