

APES Topic Outline for Advanced Placement Exam

I. Earth Systems and Resources (10-15%)

- A. Earth Science Concepts
(Geologic Time Scale; Plate Tectonics, Earthquakes, Volcanism; Seasons; Solar Intensity and Latitude)
- B. The Atmosphere
(Composition; Structure; Weather and Climate; Atmospheric Circulation and the Coriolis Effect; Atmosphere-Ocean Interactions; ENSO)
- C. Global Water Resources and Use
(Freshwater/Saltwater; Ocean Circulation; Agricultural, Industrial and Domestic Use; Surface and Groundwater Issues; Global Problems; Conservation)
- D. Soil and Soil Dynamics
(Rock Cycle; Formation; Composition; Physical and Chemical Properties; Main Soil Types; Erosion and Other Soil Problems; Soil Conservation)

II. The Living World (10-15%)

- A. Ecosystem Structure
(Biological Populations and Communities; Ecological Niches; Interactions among Species; Keystone Species; Species Diversity and Edge Effects; Major Terrestrial and Aquatic Biomes)
- B. Energy Flow
(Photosynthesis and Cellular Respiration; Food Webs and Trophic Levels; Ecological Pyramids)
- C. Ecosystem Diversity
(Biodiversity; Natural Selection; Evolution; Ecosystem Services)
- D. Natural Ecosystem Change
(Climate Shifts, Species Movement; Ecological Succession)
- E. Natural Biogeochemical Cycles
(Carbon, Nitrogen, Phosphorus, Sulfur, Water, Conservation of Matter)

III. Population (10-15%)

- A. Population Biology Concepts
(Population Ecology; Carrying Capacity; Reproductive Strategies; Survivorship)
- B. Human Population
 - 1. Human Population Dynamics
(Historical Population Sizes; Distribution; Fertility Rates; Growth Rates and Doubling Times; Demographic Transition; Age-Structure Diagrams)
 - 2. Population Size
(Strategies for Sustainability; Case Studies; National Policies)
 - 3. Impacts of Population Growth
(Hunger; Disease; Economic Effects; Resource Use; Habitat Destruction)

IV. Land and Water Use (10-15%)

- A. Agriculture
 - 1. Feeding a Growing Population
(Human Nutritional Requirements; Types of Agriculture; Green Revolution; Genetic Engineering and Crop Production; Deforestation; Irrigation; Sustainable Agriculture)
 - 2. Controlling Pests
(Types of Pesticides; Costs and Benefits of Pesticide Use; Integrated Pest Management; Relevant Laws)
- B. Forestry
(Tree Plantations; Old Growth Forests; Forest Fires; Forest Management; National Forests)
- C. Rangelands
(Overgrazing; Deforestation; Desertification; Rangeland Management; Federal Rangelands)
- D. Other Land Use
 - 1. Urban Land Development
(Planned Development; Suburban Sprawl; Urbanization)
 - 2. Transportation Infrastructure
(Federal Highway System, Canals and Channels, Roadless Areas, Ecosystems Impacts)
 - 3. Public and Federal Lands
(Management; Wilderness Areas; National Parks; Wildlife Refuges; Forests; Wetlands)
 - 4. Land Conservation Options
(Preservation; Remediation; Mitigation; Restoration; Adaptation)
 - 5. Sustainable Land-Use Strategies

- E. Mining
(Mineral Formation; Extraction; Global Reserves; Relevant Laws and Treaties)
- F. Fishing
(Fishing Techniques; Overfishing; Aquaculture; Relevant Laws and Treaties)
- G. Global Economics
(Globalization; World Bank; Tragedy of the Commons; Relevant Laws and Treaties)

V. Energy Resources and Consumption (10-15%)

- A. Energy Concepts
(Energy Forms; Power; Units; Conversions; Laws of Thermodynamics)
- B. Energy Consumption
 - 1. History
(Industrial Revolution, Exponential Growth, Energy Crisis)
 - 2. Present Global Energy Use
 - 3. Future Energy Needs
- C. Fossil Fuel Resources and Use
(Formation of Coal, Oil, and Natural Gas; Extraction/Purification Methods; World Reserves and Global Demand; Synfuels; Environmental Advantages/Disadvantages of Sources)
- D. Nuclear Energy
(Nuclear Fission Process; Nuclear Fuel; Electricity Production; Nuclear Reactor Types; Environmental Advantages/Disadvantages; Safety Issues; Radiation and Human Health; Radioactive Wastes; Nuclear Fusion)
- E. Hydroelectric Power
(Dams; Flood Control; Salmon; Silting; Other Impacts)
- F. Energy Conservation
(Energy Efficiency; CAFÉ standards; Hybrid Electric Vehicles; Mass Transit)
- G. Renewable Energy
(Solar Energy; Solar Electricity; Hydrogen Fuel Cells; Biomass; Wind Energy; Small Scale Hydroelectric; Ocean Waves and Tidal Energy; Geothermal; Environmental Advantages/Disadvantages)

VI. Pollution (25-30%)

- A. Pollution Types
 - 1. Air Pollution
(Sources - Primary and Secondary; Major air pollutants; Measurement Units; Smog; Acid Deposition - Causes, Effects, Heat Islands and Temperature Inversions; Indoor Air Pollution; Remediation and Reduction Strategies; Clean Air Act and Other Relevant Laws)
 - 2. Noise Pollution
(Sources; Effects; Control Measures)
 - 3. Water Pollution
(Types; Sources, Causes and Effects; Cultural Eutrophication; Groundwater Pollution; Maintaining Water Quality; Water Purification; Sewage Treatment/Septic Systems; Clean Water Act and Other Relevant Laws)
 - 4. Solid Waste
(Types; Disposal; Reduction)
- B. Impacts on the Environment and Human Health
 - 1. Hazards to Human Health
(Environmental Risk Analysis; Acute and Chronic Effects; Dose-Response Relationships; Air Pollutants; Smoking, and Other Risks)
 - 2. Hazardous Chemicals in the Environment
(Types of Hazardous Waste; Treatment/Disposal of Hazardous Waste; Clean-up of Contaminated Sites; Biomagnification; Relevant Laws)
- C. Economic Impacts
(Cost-Benefit Analysis, Externalities; Marginal Costs; Sustainability)

VII. Global Change (10-15%)

- A. Stratospheric Ozone
(Formation of Stratospheric Ozone; Ultraviolet Radiation; Causes of Ozone Depletion; Effects of Ozone Depletion; Strategies for Reducing Ozone Depletion; Relevant Laws and Treaties)
- B. Global Warming
(Greenhouse Gases and the Greenhouse Effect; Impacts and Consequences of Global Warming; Reducing Climate Change; Relevant Laws and Treaties)
- C. Loss of Biodiversity
 - 1. Habitat Loss; Overuse; Pollution; Introduced Species; Endangered and Extinct Species
 - 2. Maintenance through Conservation
 - 3. Relevant Laws and Treaties