	St. Johns County School Dis First Grade ELA Public Year-at-a-Glan		8-2019		
	First Grade Standard(s)	Qtr. 1	Qtr. 2	Qtr. 3	Qtr. 4
	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.	Х	Х	Х	Х
	Retell stories, including key details , and demonstrate understanding of their central message or lesson .	X (retell, key details)	X (message or lesson)		
	Describe characters , settings , and major events in a story, using key details	х	x		
TRE	Identify words and phrases in stories or poems that suggest feelings or appeal to the senses.				х
LITERAUTRE	Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information, drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types.		х	х	
	Identify who is telling the story at various points in a text.			х	
	Use the illustrations and details in a text to describe its characters, setting, or events.	х			
	Compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in stories.				х
			l		
	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.	Х	X	X	x
	Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.		X (main idea)	X (retell details)	
	Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.		x		
F	Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words or phrases in a text .	х	х	х	х
ONAL TEX	Know and use various text features (e.g., headings, tables of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text.	х			
INFORMATIONAL TEXT	Distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations and information provided by the words in a text .	x			
Z	Use the illustrations and details in a text to describe its key ideas.			х	
	Identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.				х
	Identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).				х

	First Grade Standard(s)	Qtr. 1	Qtr. 2	Qtr. 3	Qtr. 4
	Write opinion pieces in which they introduce a topic or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure.				х
	Write informative/ explanatory texts in which they name a topic, supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure.			x	
G	Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure.	х	х	х	
WRITING	With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic , respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add detail s to strengthen writing as needed.	х	х	х	х
	With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.	Х	x	х	х
	Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of "how-to" books on a given topic and use them to write a sequence of instructions).			x	
	With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.	Х	x	х	х
SPEAKING AND LISTENING	 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. (a) Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion). (b) Build on others' talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges. (c) Ask questions to <i>clear up any confusion</i> about the topics and texts under discussion. 	x	x	x	x
IG AND	Ask and answer questions about <u>key details</u> in a text read aloud or information presented orally or with other media.	Х	x		
SPEAKIN	Ask and answer questions about <u>what a speaker says</u> in order to <u>gather additional information</u> or <u>clarify something</u> that is not understood.			х	х
	Describe people , places , things , and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly.			х	
	Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.	х	х		
	Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation.	Х	х	х	х

	First Grade Standard(s)	Qtr. 1	Qtr. 2	Qtr. 3	Qtr. 4
	Print all upper- and lowercase letters.	Х	Х	Х	х
	Use common, proper, and possessive nouns.	X (common)	X (proper)	X (possessive)	
ЭE	Use singular and plural nouns when matching verbs in basic sentences.	х	х		
) USA	Use personal, possessive, and indefinite pronouns (e.g., I, me, my; they, them, their; anyone, everything).		X (personal)	X (possessive)	X (indefinite)
LANGUAGE: GRAMMAR AND USAGE	Use verbs to convey a sense of past, present, and future (e.g., Yesterday I walked home; Today I walk home; tomorrow I will walk home).		х	х	/
AM	Use frequently occurring adjectives.			Х	Х
ie: gr	Use frequently occurring conjunctions (e.g., and, but, or, so, because).				х
GUAG	Use determiners (e.g., articles [a, an, the], demonstratives [this, that, those]).	х			
A N	Use frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., during, beyond, toward).			х	
-					
-	Produce and expand simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences in response to prompts.	X (declarative)	X (interrogative)	X (exclamatory)	X (imperative)
-	Produce and expand simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences in				
_	Produce and expand simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences in				
	Produce and expand simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences in response to prompts.		(interrogative)	(exclamatory)	(imperative)
_	Produce and expand simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences in response to prompts. Capitalize dates and names of people.	(declarative)	(interrogative) X (names of people) X (question	(exclamatory) X (dates) X (exclamation	(imperative)
AGE: CONVENTIONS	Produce and expand simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences in response to prompts. Capitalize dates and names of people. Use end punctuation for sentences (period). Use commas in dates and to separate single_words in a	(declarative)	(interrogative) X (names of people) X (question mark) X (separate	(exclamatory) X (dates) X (exclamation point) X	(imperative)
	 Produce and expand simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences in response to prompts. Capitalize dates and names of people. Use end punctuation for sentences (period). Use commas in dates and to separate single_words in a series. Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring irregular 	(declarative)	(interrogative) X (names of people) X (question mark) X (separate single words)	(exclamatory) X (dates) X (exclamation point) X (dates)	(imperative) X (period or exclamation point)
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		First Grade Standard(s)	Qtr. 1	Qtr. 2	Qtr. 3	Qtr. 4
	S	ort words into categories (e.g., colors, clothing) to gain	Х			
	а	sense of the concepts the categories represent.	^			
Q. (Define words by category and by one or more key				
	É ∣a	attributes (e.g., a duck is a bird that swims; a tiger is a			Х	Х
		rge cat with stripes).				
LANGUAGE: WORD	<u>5</u> Io	lentify real-life connections between words and their	х	х		
	<u>u</u>	se (e.g., note places at home that are cozy).	~	~		
NA N		istinguish shades of meaning among verbs differing in				
L		nanner (e.g., look, glance, stare, glare, scowl) and			Х	Х
		djectives differing in intensity (e.g., large, gigantic) by			(verbs)	(adjectives)
	d	efining or choosing them or by acting out the meanings.				
	D=					
		Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence	х		х	х
CON	ICEPT	S (e.g., first word, capitalization, ending punctuation).				
		ictinguish long from short usual sounds in analog				
		istinguish long from short vowel sounds in spoken	Х	Х	х	Х
E A	$\frac{s}{s}$	ngle-syllable words.				
10	=	rally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds phonemes).	Х	Х	х	Х
		solate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final				
N N		ounds (phonemes) in spoken single-syllable words.	Х	Х	Х	Х
PHONOLOGICAL		egment spoken single-syllable words into their				
		omplete sequence of individual sounds (phonemes).	Х	Х	Х	Х
		simplete sequence of mathadal sounds (priorientes).			1	
	Kno	w the spelling-sound correspondences for common	v	v		
		sonant digraphs.	Х	X		
	Dec	ode regularly spelled one-syllable words.	Х	Х	Х	Х
	Kno	w final –e and common vowel team conventions for		x	x	v
S	repr	esenting long vowel sounds.		^	^	Х
NN		knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound			x	x
PHONICS	to d	etermine the number of syllables in a printed word.			~	^
Ъ		ode two-syllable words following basic patterns by			x	x
	brea	king the words into syllables.			~	~
		d words with inflectional endings.		Х	Х	
		ognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled	х	х	х	х
	wor	ds.				
(1)	Rea	d on-level text with purpose and understanding.	Х	Х	Х	Х
READING	Rea	d on-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate,	Х	x	x	v
AD	and	expression on successive readings	^	^	^	Х
RE	Use	context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and	Х	х	х	х
	und	erstanding, rereading as necessary.	^	^	^	^

Websites to Support Your Child with Reading							
✓ <u>Storyline Online</u> : Storyline	Storyline Online: Storyline Online provides numerous videos of stories read aloud by actors.						
✓ Epic: Epic is a digital libra	Epic : Epic is a digital library with access to over 25,000 books for a monthly fee.						
✓ Sunshine State Young Re	✓ Sunshine State Young Reader Award Books: This link provides information on the 15 SSYRA						
books for 2018-2019.							
✓ Find a Book: Find a Book	Find a Book: Find a Book will help you build a reading list that is 'just right' for each reader.						
 <u>Reading Rockets</u>: Reading Rockets provides a variety of resources parents can use with growing 							
readers.	readers.						
	 <u>Read, Write, Think Video</u>: Video explaining how to use the free resources available on Read, 						
	Write, Think to engage students after school and at home.						
 PBS Parent Resources: The PBS education resource provides a list of recommended books for 							
different audiences, read	different audiences, reading tips for parents, and suggestions for reading activities on the go.						
Websit	tes to Support Your Child With Found	dational Skills					
✓ ABCYa: ABCYa is an online		all is an online interactive resource					
students can use to review first grade skills. students can use to review letter formation and							
✓ Jump Start: Jump Start is a		and interact with text for a					
with a variety of free, prin							
resources.		BC Match is an online interactive					
		s can use to practice matching					
	letters and so						
<u>N</u>	<u>/ebsites to Support Your Child with L</u>	<u>anguage</u>					
✓ <u>Grammar & Usage</u>	✓ Conventions Information	✓ Vocabulary Information					
<u>Information</u>	 Use correct end 	 Using <u>root words and</u> 					
o <u>Print Letters</u>	<u>punctuation (song); end</u>	understanding inflectional					
o <u>Common Nouns</u>	punctuation (read aloud)	endings (s, ed, ing; <u>please</u>					
o <u>Proper Nouns</u>		فممسم ممط ممامات منطف مقمص					
o Possessive Nouns	o <u>Period</u>	<u>note</u> – this video has great					
	o Question mark	examples of root words with					
o Personal Pronouns	 <u>Question mark</u> <u>Exclamation point</u> 	examples of root words with inflectional endings EXCEPT					
 o Personal Pronouns o Possessive Pronouns 	 Question mark Exclamation point Correct capitalization 	examples of root words with inflectional endings EXCEPT for the example with the word					
 o Personal Pronouns o Possessive Pronouns o Indefinite Pronouns 	 <u>Question mark</u> <u>Exclamation point</u> Correct <u>capitalization</u> Use of commas 	examples of root words with inflectional endings EXCEPT for the example with the word draw – it is incorrect)					
 Personal Pronouns Possessive Pronouns 	 Question mark Exclamation point Correct capitalization 	examples of root words with inflectional endings EXCEPT for the example with the word					

Note: All standards are designed to be learned by the end of the course. This guide represents a recommended timeline and sequence to be used voluntarily by teachers for planning purposes. Specific questions regarding when content will actually be addressed in a specific course are best answered by the individual teacher.