Population & Migration

1. Replacement rate, the number of births needed to keep a population at a stable level without immigration, requires a total fertility of 2.1 in developed states.

2. Countries with aging populations attempt to stimulate economic growth to lessen the effect of rising medical and retirement costs by promoting immigration.

3. The arithmetic density of population for a country is determined by dividing the total population by what? population by the total area.

4. The problem with using arithmetic population density to investigate the population pattern of a country is that such a density figure does not take into consideration internal clustering of people within the country.

5. The number of people per unit area of agriculturally productive land is the physiologic density.

6. The world’s three largest population concentrations are all found on the same landmass, which is Eurasia or combination of land mass of Europe and Asia.

7. Associated with the East Asian population cluster are ribbon-like extensions of dense population penetrating the interior? These extensions represent basins and lowlands of China’s major rivers.

8. About 1/6 percent of the world’s population is concentrated in China.

9. The European population axis is directly related to the orientation of Europe’s coalfields (where they built cities).

10. In comparison to Asia, the percentage of the population living in urban places in Germany and the United Kingdom is greater than Asia.

11. Births and immigration add to the population growth of a particular country.

12. Today, world population doubling time is increasing (i.e. taking longer to double).

13. At the present rate of births and deaths in the world, we are adding about 80 million inhabitants every year.

14. In 2002, the world population grew at a rate of just over 1.4, today it is 1.2 percent.

15. Most of the countries with low population growth rates are also among the wealthiest (considered core countries). An exception to this would be Russia and China.

16. In the 1970’s, the government of India used this controversial method to reduce the population growth rates in certain areas of the country. Forced sterilization of males.

17. The statistics that report the number of deaths per thousand people in a given year is called: the crude death or mortality rate.

18. Low population growth resulting from high CBR and very high CDR is characteristic of stage one of the demographic transition.

19. In Europe the marked decline of the birth rate was the result of the effects of Industrialization, urbanization, modernization, birth control, and women’s education and entrance into the paid workforce.

20. A population pyramid with a wide base and narrow top is indicative of what kind of country developing countries.

21. A developed country that has reached a stage where the population is most stable will develop a population pyramid that is rectangular shaped.

22. Highest rates of infant mortality are found in this region. Central Africa or Sub-Saharan Africa.

23. The lowest infant mortality rate among countries with large populations is in Japan.

24. Sub-Saharan Africa’s high mortality rate is strongly influenced by AIDS.

25. Population policies which favor the promotion of birth control among certain groups in the population (ethnic, religious, or socio-economic groups) are referred to as eugenics.
26. True/False: The majority of Egypt’s 70 million inhabitants are distributed evenly around the country. False

27. Two-thirds of the world's population is clustered in four regions. Name those regions East North America, Europe, South Asia and East Asia

28. True/False: More than half of the world’s entire population is concentrated in East Asia. False - Only 1.5 billion out of 7 billion

29. True/False: In all demographic cases, the higher the birth rate, the shorter the doubling time. False, Botswana and HIV

30. True/False: Some countries have declining populations, which is a negative population growth rate. True

31. True/False: A population with both a high fertility and a high mortality rate has a broad-based population pyramid. True

32. The highest natural increase rates are found in countries in which stage of the demographic transition. Two (2)

33. The percentage of people who are too young or too old to work in a society is the Dependency ratio

34. The population pyramid of Naples, Florida, is "upside down," because the city has a large percentage of Old people

35. Cuban illegal immigrants who actually make it to the United States’ shores will be allowed to stay. (Wet foot, Dry foot policy)

36. Today, an estimated 10,000,000 illegal immigrants live in the United States.

37. The vast majority of legal agricultural workers in Canada are Mexicans.

38. The type of movement that involves journeys that begin at and brings us back to our home base is called cyclic

39. In contrast to the experience of more developed countries, less developed countries entered Stage 2 of the demographic transition through Diffusion of medicine and technology

40. Thomas Malthus concluded that the world's rate of population increase was higher than the development of food supplies.

41. Which type of movement creates your activity space? cyclic

42. Cyclical migration practiced by semi nomadic herders, typically to higher pastures in summer and to lower valleys in winter, is called: transhumance

43. The problem with using arithmetic population density to investigate the population pattern of a country is that such a density figure does not take into consideration internal clustering of people within the country.

44. The long-term relocation of an individual, household, or group to a new location outside the community of origin is called Migration.

45. During the first decades of the twentieth century, African American families in the United States migrated primarily to the north. (The Great Migration)

46. In the United States during the late twentieth century, internal migration streams were moving people from east to west and north to south.

47. On average, an American citizen moves approximately every 6 years.

48. Internal migration in Peru is fairly simple with the majority of migrants moving to Lima.

49. The major focus of North America's population is Bosnywash, or Boswash in the North East

50. Gender studies of migration indicate that men are more mobile, migrate farther, have more employment choices and income than women.

51. The smallest number of slaves involved in the Atlantic slave trade was sent to British North America.

52. Between 1788 and 1838, tens of thousands of convicts were shipped from Britain to which continent? Australia
53. What is the model which states that spatial interaction between places (e.g. migration) is directly related to the population size and inversely related to the distance between them? **Gravity model**

54. According to Ravenstein, migrants who move longer distances tend to choose **big-city destinations**

55. What push factor compelled more than 50,000 Asians to leave Uganda in 1972? **Ugandan leader Idi Amin expelled them.**

56. The major focus of Brazil's population is **The Atlantic Coast**

57. European colonialism stimulated the movement of **Chinese** to the cities (islands of development) of Southeast Asia where they have become a significant minority population.

58. In terms of total number of refugees, **tropical Africa** is the geographic realm most severely affected by refugee problems.

59. The intervention of what country in the civil war in Afghanistan caused great numbers of refugees to leave the country? **The Soviet Union**

60. In the period from 1882-1907, the United States Congress passed exclusionary immigration laws designed to keep **Chinese** out of the immigrant stream.

61. In 1995, the collapse of which of the following European countries produced the largest refugee crisis in Europe since the end of World War II? **Yugoslavia**

62. In 1997, the only country in the western hemisphere that had a serious refugee problem was **Colombia.**

63. The practice of excluding people with criminal records, health problems, or subversive political beliefs from immigrating is referred to as **selective immigration.**

64. Your rent just rose by $150 per month and you have decided to look for a less expensive place to live. By what type of factor in the migration process are you being influenced? **Push factor**

65. Counterurbanization is the move from urban core to more rural areas

66. Since September 2001, there has been a greater concern about immigration control. Why? **Prevent terrorism.**

67. What is the purpose of an age-sex pyramid? To **show the population structure of a country (Visually illustrating and comparing age cohorts and sex)**

68. The world’s **3 (Europe, East Asia, and South Asia)** largest population concentrations all lie on the Eurasian landmass:

69. The population of a country changes as a result of four conditions. What are the 4 conditions? **Births, deaths, emigration and immigration**

70. Most guest workers head for which part of Europe? **North and West**

71. Population distribution is best represented by a: **dot map**

72. The largest numbers of undocumented immigrants to the United States come from what country? **Mexico**

73. Migration from a location is called **Emigration**

74. The large-scale emigration of talented people. **Brain Drain**

75. A type of migration in which a person migrates in a series of short distance moves is called **Step Migration**

76. Most migrants to the United States during the early twentieth century (1900’s) came from which part of Europe and were looking for what type of job? **South and East**

77. Most populous country in the Southeast Asia region. **Indonesia**

78. Between what two stages do you find the highest natural increase rates? **Stage 2-3**